

Historical Instrument Performance for Radiogenic Isotope Analysis in SRMs

PCIGR is committed to providing accurate, precise and reproducible data through careful sample preparation and analysis.

The following pages showcase a gallery of our instrument accuracy and precision over time, for a number of standard reference materials (SRMs), on the following isotopes:

- Sr isotopes (by TIMS)
- Nd, Hf and Pb isotopes (by multicollector ICP-MS)

For more information about our instrumentation and services, to view the references cited in this document, or to contact us, please visit our website at <u>https://pcigr.ubc.ca/</u>.

Sr Isotopes (by TIMS)

Our Nu Instruments Nu TIMS is configured for simultaneous collection of Sr (masses 84, 86, 87, 88) and Rb at mass 85, which allows for interference corrections to be applied to ⁸⁷Sr and for the potential presence of ⁸⁷Rb.



Nu TIMS at PCIGR. Photo: D. Weis.

Sr isotope measurements are normalized internally to a ⁸⁶Sr/⁸⁸Sr ratio of 0.1194, using an exponential correction. For sample runs, data are normalized to the average value of SRM 987.

Each analysis takes \sim 1 hour to complete. We typically analyze 3–4 standards for every wheel of 17–18 samples.





Individual ⁸⁷Sr/⁸⁶Sr analyses of volcanic reference materials via TIMS (Thermo Finnigan Triton TIMS, Nu TIMS) at PCIGR, organized by year. AGV-2, BCR-2, BHVO-2, and RGM-1 are USGS reference materials. The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material are represented by the blue square, and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by the white symbols. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. Reference values sources: Weis et al. (2006); Nobre Silva et al. (2013); Fourny et al. (2016).



Individual ⁸⁷Sr/⁸⁶Sr analyses of plutonic USGS reference materials via TIMS at PCIGR, organized by year. All samples were dissolved in high-pressure vessels prior to analysis (triangle symbols). The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material is represented by the blue square and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by white circles. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. Reference values source: Weis et al. (2006).



Histograms showing the full range of ⁸⁷Sr/⁸⁶Sr analyses conducted via TIMS at PCIGR of volcanic (left) and plutonic (right) reference materials. The mean (square symbol) and 2 standard deviations (SD; grey bar) of each reference material is indicated above the histogram. Values of 2 SD that are smaller than the symbol size are not shown. Y-axis represents the number of analyses.

Nd, Hf and Pb Isotopes (by multicollector ICP-MS)

Nd, Hf and Pb isotope ratios are measured on our Nu Instruments Nu Plasma, Nu Plasma II and Nu Plasma 1700 multicollector ICP-MS instruments.



Nu Plasma 1700 at PCIGR. Photo: D. Weis.

Using regular settings, each analysis consumes 100, 75 and 40 ng of Nd, Hf and Pb, respectively. With enhanced sensitivity, the analyte size can be reduced to 25, 20 and 10 ng of Nd, Hf and Pb, respectively.

Each analysis takes ~13 minutes, after an additional 5 minutes of washout time between samples. Standards bracket every two samples, and data are normalized to these bracketing standards offline.

Annual external reproducibility (2SD) for standards is the following:

- ¹⁴³Nd/¹⁴⁴Nd: 43 ppm (40 ppm, offline normalization)
- ¹⁷⁶Hf/¹⁷⁷Hf: 27ppm (70 ppm, offline normalization)
- ²⁰⁶Pb/²⁰⁴Pb: 91 ppm (200 ppm, offline normalization)

Nd isotopes—Masses 150, 148, 146, 145, 144, 143 and 142 are measured together with monitoring of Sm at mass 147 and Ce at mass 140. This allows interference corrections to be applied to masses 150, 148, 144 and 142.

Nd isotope measurements are normalized internally for instrumental mass fractionation to a ¹⁴⁶Nd/¹⁴⁴Nd ratio of 0.7219, using an exponential correction. Interferences on Nd are calculated using natural abundances for the interfering element and adjusting them for instrumental mass fractionation, as monitored by the normalizing ratio used to correct Nd.

At PCIGR, Nd isotopes can also be measured by TIMS. However, multicollector ICP-MS is preferred because of its faster output (~18 minutes/sample instead of ~2 hours) for similar precision, and if sample material is sufficient.





Annual values and reproducibility for the JMC Hf standard (2017)

Spcigr





Plutonic Rocks



2011

2012

2013

2014

2017

2018

2019

2020

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008



Individual ¹⁴³Nd/¹⁴⁴Nd analyses of plutonic USGS reference materials via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR, organized by year. All samples were dissolved in high-pressure vessels prior to analysis (triangle symbols). The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material are represented by the blue square, and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by the white symbols. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. Reference value source: Weis et al. (2006).





Histograms showing the full range of ¹⁴³Nd/¹⁴⁴Nd analyses, conducted via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR, of volcanic (left) and plutonic (right) reference materials. The mean (square symbol) and 2 standard deviations (grey bar) of each reference material is indicated above the histogram. Values of 2 SD that are smaller than the symbol size are not shown. Y-axis represents the number of analyses. **Hf isotopes**—The configuration used to measure Hf isotopes enables simultaneous collection of Hf (masses 180, 179, 178, 177, 176 and 174), together with monitoring of Lu at mass 175 and Yb at mass 172. These allow interference corrections to be applied to masses 174 and 176.

Hf isotope measurements are normalized internally to a 179 Hf/ 177 Hf ratio of 0.7325, using an exponential correction.

Instrument performance for Hf isotopes in SRMs is shown in the next few pages.





Individual ¹⁷⁶Hf/¹⁷⁷Hf analyses of plutonic reference materials via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR, organized by year. G-2 and G-3 are USGS reference materials. All samples were dissolved in high-pressure vessels prior to analysis (triangle symbols). The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material are represented by the blue square, and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by the white symbols. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. Reference value sources: Weis et al. (2007); Goolaerts et al. (2004).

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Histograms showing the full range of ¹⁷⁶Hf/¹⁷⁷Hf analyses conducted via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR of volcanic (left) and plutonic (right) reference materials. The mean (square symbol) and 2 standard deviations (SD; grey bar) of each reference material is indicated above the histogram. Values of 2 SD that are smaller than the symbol size are not shown. Y-axis represents the number of analyses. **Pb isotopes**—The instrument is configured for simultaneous collection of Pb (masses 208, 207, 206 and 204), together with Tl (masses 205 and 203), which is used to monitor and correct for instrumental mass discrimination, and Hg potential interference (mass 202), which is used to correct mass 204 for the presence of ²⁰⁴Hg.

Mercury levels are always below 0.7 mV and more typically are less than 0.2 mV for mass 202, which corresponds to a correction of less than 0.18 mV on the mass 204 peak.

To improve the reproducibility of the analytical conditions for Pb isotopic analyses, and thus the precision, all sample solutions are analyzed with the same Pb/Tl ratios as the SRM 981 standard, which requires determination of the exact Pb content after column separation and before analysis on the multicollector ICP-MS.

A particular concern at PCIGR is that our Pb isotope data, derived via multicollector ICP-MS, must achieve the best levels of precision and accuracy required for investigating isotope systematics in mantle geochemistry (Weis et al. 2011).

We therefore continue to investigate the roles of residual matrix, leaching and sample purification on the ultimate precision and accuracy of multicollector ICP-MS Pb data (Barling and Weis, 2008, 2012; Hanano et al., 2009; Nobre Silva et al., 2009).

Instrument performance for Pb isotopes in SRMs is shown in the next few pages.





2017 Nu Plasma II



Annual values and reproducibility for the NIST SRM 981 standard







Individual ²⁰⁸Pb/²⁰⁴Pb analyses of volcanic reference materials via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR, organized by year. AGV-2, BCR-2, BHVO-2, and RGM-1 are USGS reference materials. The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material are represented by the blue square, and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by the white symbols. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. The better reproducibility through time of the leached analyses indicates the importance of leaching for oceanic basalts prior to analysis (Weis et al., 2005; Nobre Silva et al., 2009). Reference value sources: Weis et al. (2006); Nobre Silva et al. (2013); Fourny et al. (2016). Speigr

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Individual ²⁰⁸Pb/²⁰⁴Pb analyses of plutonic USGS reference materials via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR, organized by year. All samples were dissolved in high-pressure vessels prior to analysis (triangle symbols). The mean and 2 standard deviations of each reference material is represented by the rightmost blue triangle symbol, and the number of analyses (x-axis) is indicated for each material (n=xx). Literature reference values are reported for comparison and represented by white symbols. For individual analyses, the error bar corresponds to the 2 standard error on the measured isotopic ratio. Reference value source: Weis et al. (2006).

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Pb isotopic compositions of USGS G-3 reference material analyzed via MC-ICP-MS at PCIGR. All samples were dissolved in high-pressure vessels prior to analysis. Left panel: ²⁰⁸Pb/²⁰⁴Pb vs ²⁰⁶Pb/²⁰⁴Pb. Right panel: ²⁰⁷Pb/²⁰⁴Pb vs ²⁰⁶Pb/²⁰⁴Pb. The mean and 2 standard deviations of the reference material are represented by the blue square symbols, and literature reported reference values are represented by the white symbols. Reference value source: Weis et al. (2006).

